



THIS SESSION

1. YOGA

- What is yoga?
- What does yoga do?

2. PSYCHOLOGY

- THE SCEINCE explaining the mind-body connection
- THE EVIDENCE for yoga to alleviate psychological difficulties
- 3. HAVE A GO! (20 minutes)
 - Some basic breathing and stretching exercise
 - ALL these are optional

WHAT'S IMPORTANT WHEN WE TALK ABOUT MENTAL HEALTH & WELLBEING?

Boundaries

Non-judgemental

Compassion



Respect

Empathy

Proper understanding to break down stigma





2. Proper Breathing: Pranayama



3. Proper Relaxation: Savasana



4. Proper Diet: Vegetarian

YOGA

- 'Unity' breath, body, mind
- Based on philosophy which is over 5000 years old
- Uses postures to purify the body (asana)
- Uses breath to cleanse the body and to focus the mind (pranayama)
- Uses meditation to reach higher states of mind (dhyana)
- Emphasises importance of relaxation (savasana)
- Use of sound and energy e.g. A-U-M or OM
- Through these practices, individuals naturally gravitate towards healthier lifestyles
- Yogis abide by a code of ethics
- N.B. Cultural appropriation of yoga paying respect to the lineage

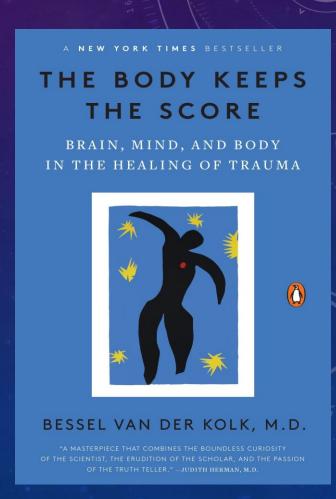
WHAT DOES YOGA DO? (KHALSA, 2013)

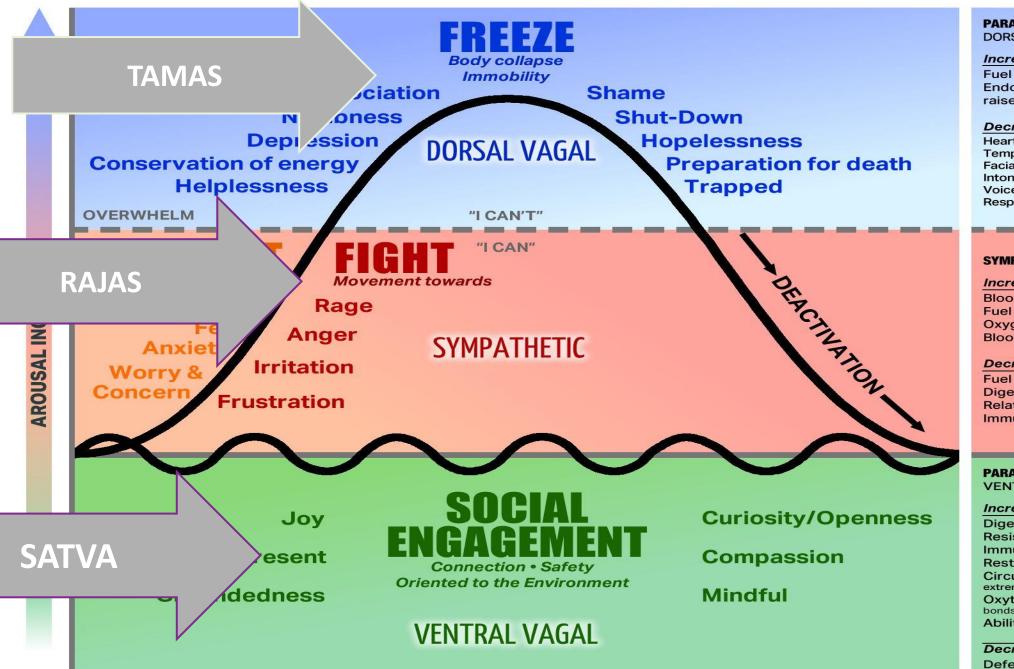
- 1. Physical postures, breathing, relaxation working the body to affect global function
- 2. Self regulation helps to control our internal stress response developing resilience, and equanimity in the face of stress which leads to psychological self-efficacy
- 3. Mind-body awareness feeling what is going on in the body and to experience what is going on mentally which leads to increased mindfulness and thereby influences behaviour in a positive way
- **4. Spirituality/experiencing deeper states** these can be transformative and lead to positive lifestyle choices and improve life-meaning and purpose



THE MIND-BODY APPROACH TO MENTAL HEALTH

- Emotion, experience, memory, trauma.... Is stored in and remembered by the body
- The mind and body, the brain and body, the brain and the mind – are all interconnected
- Epigenetics (McEwen, 2016)
- Poly Vagal Theory (Porges, 2007)
- "maybe that's your body telling you that something is up, and going on, 'cause at the beginning, I thought it was just my mind, but it's actually everything else that you feel around your body so that's very eye-opening to me". (Childs-Fegredo et al., 2022)





PARASYMPATHETIC NERVOUS SYSTEM

DORSAL VAGAL - EMERGENCY STATE

Increases

Fuel storage & insulin activity Endorphins that help numb and raise the pain threshold.

Decreases

Heart Rate • Blood Pressure Temperature • Muscle Tone Facial Expressions • Eye Contact Intonations • Awareness of the Human Voice • Social Behavior • Sexual Responses • Immune Response

SYMPATHETIC NERVOUS SYSTEM

Increases

Blood Pressure • Heart Rate Fuel Availability • Adrenaline Oxygen circluation to vital organs **Blood Clotting • Pupil Size**

Decreases

Fuel Storage • Insulin Activity Digestion • Salvation Relational Ability Immune Response

PARASYMPATHETIC NERVOUS SYSTEM **VENTRAL VAGAL**

Increases

Digestion • Intestinal Motility Resistance to Infection Immune Response **Rest and Recuperation** Circulation to non-vital organs (skin,

Oxytocin (neuromodulator involved in social bonds that allows immobility without fear) Ability to Relate and Connect

Decreases

Defensive Responses

BENEFITS TO PHYSICAL HEALTH

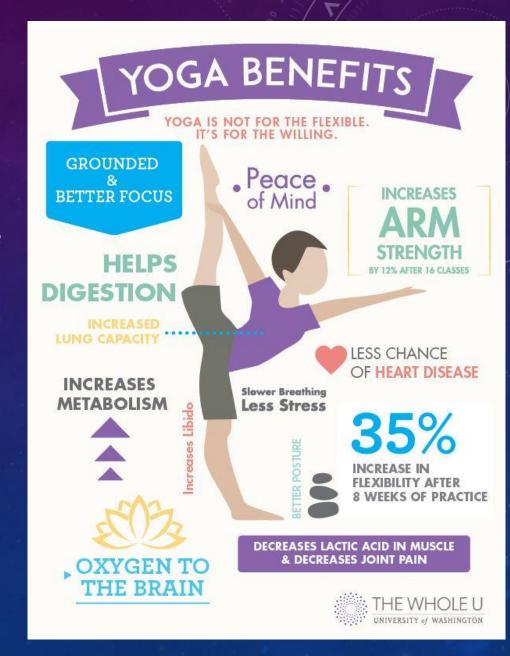
- Diabetes
- Back pain (NICE, 2019)
- Heart disease (Review, European Journal of Preventative Cardiology)

NEUROSCIENCE

- Yoga practice enhances levels of oxytocin (Jayram et al., 2013) and GABA (Streeter et al., 2010)
- Yoga protects the brain from the decline in grey matter brain volume as we age

BENEFITS TO MENTAL HEALTH

- Depression Broota et al., 1990; Butler et al, 2008; Janakiramaiah et al. 2000; Kinser et al., 2013; Rohini et al., 2000
- Anxiety Brown et al., 2013
- Depression during pregnancy (Field et al., 2013)
- Obsessive compulsive disorder (Shannahof-Khalasa & Beckett, 1996)
- Post-traumatic stress disorder (Van Der Kolk, 2006 & 2014)
- Panic disorder (Williams-Orlando, 2013)
- Insomnia (Khalasa, 2004)
- Schizophrenia (Xie et al., 2006)





HAVE A GO

- 1. Guided reflection
- 2.A-U-M (sound)
- 3. Basic stretches
- 4. Breathing
- 5. Guided reflection

CONCLUSION

 "The yoga psychotherapy has been life-changing, absolutely life-changing, cause I have learned skills I can apply literally for the rest of my life"

• "it's life-changing in the sense that...a different perspective has given to me...my eating habits are different...the way I look at the world is different... But also the spiritual side of it"

SIGNPOSTS

- Yoga with Adriene (YouTube) e.g. 30 days of yoga; yoga for sleep; yoga for anxiety; yoga for....
- The Stables Yoga studio, York
- Meditation centre Gillygate, York
- Apps Insight Timer; FitMind
- Sivananda Yoga www.sivanandalondon.org
- Vipassana meditation <u>www.dhamma.org</u>

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