|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Date/**  **Room** | **Staff** | **Focus for Session** | **Student teachers will learn that…** | **Links to CCF and YSJ curriculum** | **Theoretical Perspective**  Reading, Preparation & SOL | **Student teachers will learn how to…**  How you can learn from sessions and work with expert colleagues to apply in the classroom |
| Mon  5/9  10-11  SK128 | RM  JC | PGC7008M  Welcome  Introduction to programme documentation | Effective professional development is likely to be sustained over time, involve expert support or coaching and opportunities for collaboration.  Reflective practice, supported by feedback from and observation of experienced colleagues, professional debate, and learning from educational research, is also likely to support improvement. | **Professional behaviours**  Being a professional  Relationships and partnership | Ensure tasks detailed on the YSJ Blog have been completed <https://blog.yorksj.ac.uk/ite/induction/> | Consider how placement can support you in receiving clear, consistent and effective mentoring in how to engage in professional development with clear intentions for impact on pupil outcomes, sustained over time with built-in opportunities for practice.  Receive clear, consistent and effective mentoring on the duties relating to Part 2 of the Teachers’ Standards. |
| 11-12  SK128 | RM  JC | PGC7007/8M  Benefits of Union membership  The National College | There is a wider support network  Additional resources and courses available to you. | **Professional behaviours**  Being a professional | Read more about the unions here:  [https://neu.org.uk](https://neu.org.uk/)    [https://www.nasuwt.org.uk](https://www.nasuwt.org.uk/)  https://thenationalcollege.co.uk | Access wider support if needed.  Access additional courses |
| 1-2  SK128 | RM | PGC7007/8M  Members of the team  Moodle, modules and assessment | A culture of mutual trust and respect supports effective relationships.  High-quality teaching has a long-term positive effect on pupils’ life chances, particularly for children from disadvantaged backgrounds. | **High Expectations**  Being a professional  Research engaged | Ensure you have logged on to Moodle and have begun to familiarise yourselves with the course pages. | Critically reflect on your own academic development through engaging with academic reading and responding to feedback.  Create a positive environment where making mistakes and learning from them and the need for effort and perseverance are part of the daily routine. |
| 2-3  SK128 | BR | PGC7007/8M  The role of the mentee  Expectations and building relationships | Reflective practice, supported by feedback from and observation of experienced colleagues, professional debate, and learning from educational research, is also likely to support improvement.  Engaging in high-quality professional development can help teachers improve. | **Behaviour and expectations**  **High Expectations**  Being a professional  Relationships and partnership | List any questions that you have about expectations of you on placement and bring to this session.  Chapter 1  [Capel, S. A., Leask, M. and Younie, S. (2016) Learning to Teach in the Secondary School : A Companion to School Experience. London: Routledge](http://yorksj.idm.oclc.org/login?url=https://search.ebscohost.com/login.aspx?direct=true&db=nlebk&AN=1202221&site=eds-live&scope=site&ebv=EB&ppid=pp_302) | Engage in professional development with clear intentions for impact on pupil outcomes, sustained over time with built-in opportunities for practice.  Receive clear, consistent and effective mentoring on the duties relating to Part 2 of the Teachers’ Standards. |
| 3-4  SK128 | RM | Team building | YSJ campus facilities both effective learning and social opportunities | Relationships and partnership | Get to know other trainees in your subject area and Alliance. | Navigate round the campus and to access key student services. |
| 4-5  SK128 | ES | Widening participation and independent study | There are additional opportunities to support students | Relationships and partnership | Consider before the session whether you have any particular questions about the support, facilities and opportunities we can offer. | Manage time effectively and access student services. |
| Tue  6/9  9-10.30  SK128 | RM | Aims and purpose of Education | The purpose of education has evolved over time  Education is influenced by social, historical, political and cultural factors that change over time | **Curriculum**  Personal teaching philosophy | Read chapter 7.1 and 7.2  [Capel, S. A., Leask, M. and Younie, S. (2016) Learning to Teach in the Secondary School : A Companion to School Experience. London: Routledge](http://yorksj.idm.oclc.org/login?url=https://search.ebscohost.com/login.aspx?direct=true&db=nlebk&AN=1202221&site=eds-live&scope=site) | Evaluate the wider significance of influence on education and policy. |
| 10.30-12  SK128 | JC | Our evolving education system | A school’s curriculum enables it to set out its vision for the knowledge, skills and values that its pupils will learn, encompassing the national curriculum within a coherent wider vision for successful learning. | **Curriculum**  Critical reflection | As above. | Consider how the current National Curriculum will impact on your practice. |
| 1-2.30  SK128 | RM | Personal values impact on your educational rationale | Individual experiences, backgrounds and beliefs will influence your personal and professional values. | **Professional behaviours**  Personal teaching philosophy | Read:  [Brooks, V, Abbott, I, & Huddleston, P 2012, Preparing To Teach In Secondary Schools : A Student Teacher's Guide To Professional Issues In Secondary Education, McGraw-Hill Education, Maidenhead.](https://ebookcentral-proquest-com.yorksj.idm.oclc.org/lib/yorksj/reader.action?docID=990488&ppg=31) | Observe and respect other people's values and to consider how your own are reflected in practice. |
| 2.30-3.30  SK128 | RM | Handbooks and documentation | Walk through of all key documentation and where to access it. | **Professional behaviours**  Being a professional | https://blog.yorksj.ac.uk/ite/pgce-secondary-education/ | Access documentation and read through to ensure understanding. |
| 3.30-5  TBC | BR  Digital Team  IT room | PGC7008M  Introduction to online systems – E.g. Moodle, Pebblepad, | Pebble pad is useful online platform used to reflect, record and monitor progress.  Reflection is a key part of development. | Being a professional  Personal teaching philosophy | Read about the key reflective practice theorists:  <http://edshare.soton.ac.uk/11124/1/index.htm> | Use pebble pad effectively to submit weekly mandatory documentation. |
| Wed  7/9 |  | School based  Induction day |  |  |  |  |
| Thurs  8/9  9-11  SK128 | JC | PGC7008M  Critical Writing - Introduction to Masters level writing. | Reflective practice, supported by feedback from and observation of experienced colleagues, professional debate, and learning from educational research, is also likely to support improvement.  Engaging with high-quality professional reading can help teachers improve. | **Assessment**  Professional behaviour  Research engaged | Make notes on critical thinking: Fisher, A. (2011) Critical Thinking – second edition – [You can access this text here](https://books.google.co.uk/books?hl=en&lr=&id=wMhBQ0WdjF4C&oi=fnd&pg=PR1&dq=critical+thinking&ots=q2auvzTQLS&sig=PRtDd7YmMIPLVU_t1Tu53cUB-H0&redir_esc=y) | Evaluate the impact of research on practice. |
| 11-12  SK128 | CMD | PGC7007M  Library | The library is a valuable resource to support your academic writing  There is a wide range of books, articles and policies available to support subject knowledge and professional development. | **Curriculum**  Research engaged | Look at the library website and familiarise yourself with key areas.  <https://www.yorksj.ac.uk/students/library/>  Look through your reading lists and identify essential texts to read. | Access s a wide range of books, articles and policies to support subject knowledge and professional development. |
| 1-5pm  SK  128  (last hr. IT room TBC) | RM | Understanding the importance of safeguarding within schools  Complete online safeguarding modules | SENCOs, pastoral leaders, careers advisors and other specialist colleagues also have valuable expertise and can ensure that appropriate support is in place for pupils.  Building effective relationships with parents, carers and families can improve pupils’ motivation, behaviour and academic success | **Professional behaviours**  Being a professional  Relationships and partnership | Read the 2022 DfE document  [‘Keeping Children Safe in Education’](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/keeping-children-safe-in-education--2)  Access ‘Preventing and Tackling Bullying’  [Access ‘Preventing and Tackling Bullying’](https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/1069688/Preventing_and_tackling_bullying_advice.pdf)  Here you can read about FGM  [FGM information](https://www.who.int/news-room/fact-sheets/detail/female-genital-mutilation) | Know who to contact with any safeguarding concerns and have a clear understanding of what sorts of behaviour, disclosures and incidents to report. |
| Fri  9/9  9-10.30  SK128 | JC | Effective observations in school | Reflecting practice, supported by feedback from and observation of experienced colleagues, professional debate, and learning from educational research, is also likely to support improvement.  Engaging in high-quality professional development can help teachers improve. | **Professional behaviours**  Relationships and partnership  Being a professional | Read Chapter 1 and 2  [Capel, S. A., Leask, M. and Younie, S. (2016) Learning to Teach in the Secondary School : A Companion to School Experience. London: Routledge](http://yorksj.idm.oclc.org/login?url=https://search.ebscohost.com/login.aspx?direct=true&db=nlebk&AN=1202221&site=eds-live&scope=site&ebv=EB&ppid=pp_302) | Discuss and analyse with expert colleagues how experienced colleagues seek ways to support classes and individual pupils.  . |
| 10.30-12  SK128 | BR | Managing workload | Personal systems and routines can support highly efficient time and task management.  Working with colleagues to identify efficient approaches to assessment is important; assessment can become onerous and have a disproportionate impact on workload. | **Professional behaviours**  Being a professional | Gibson, S., Oliver, L. and Dennison, M. (2015) *Workload Challenge: Analysis of teacher consultation responses*. Department for Education. Accessible from: <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/workload-challenge-analysis-of-teacher-responses>  Chapter 1.3  [Capel, S. A., Leask, M. and Younie, S. (2016) Learning to Teach in the Secondary School : A Companion to School Experience. London: Routledge](http://yorksj.idm.oclc.org/login?url=https://search.ebscohost.com/login.aspx?direct=true&db=nlebk&AN=1202221&site=eds-live&scope=site&ebv=EB&ppid=pp_302) | Observe how expert colleagues manage time effectively.  Make marking manageable and effective by recording data only when it is useful for improving pupil outcomes; recognise that written marking is only one form of feedback; and identifying efficient approaches to marking and alternative approaches to providing feedback. |
| 1-3  SK128 | BR | PGC7008M  E-safety | Cyber bullying awareness and e safety in school are crucial safeguarding elements | Being a professional  Relationships and partnership | Engage with the following links  <https://nationalonlinesafety.com/guides>  [Teaching online safety](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teaching-online-safety-in-schools)  <https://learning.nspcc.org.uk/research-resources/schools/e-safety-for-schools> | Know who to contact with any safeguarding concerns and have a clear understanding of what sorts of behaviour, disclosures and incidents to report. |
| 3-5pm  SK128 | ST  HB | Pupils and staff mental health awareness | Teachers have the ability to affect and improve the wellbeing, motivation and behaviour of their pupils.  Adapting teaching in a responsive way, including by providing targeted support to pupils who are struggling, is likely to increase pupil success. | **Professional behaviours**  Being a professional  Relationships and partnership | Access guide to CAMHS and understand how this service supports pupils, parents and carers.  <https://youngminds.org.uk/find-help/your-guide-to-support/guide-to-camhs/>  Chapter 4  [Capel, S. A., Leask, M. and Younie, S. (2016) Learning to Teach in the Secondary School : A Companion to School Experience. London: Routledge](http://yorksj.idm.oclc.org/login?url=https://search.ebscohost.com/login.aspx?direct=true&db=nlebk&AN=1202221&site=eds-live&scope=site&ebv=EB&ppid=pp_302) | Develop an understanding of different pupil needs, by receiving clear, consistent and effective mentoring in supporting pupils with a range of additional needs.  Work closely with the Special Educational Needs Co-ordinator (SENCO) and special education professionals and the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) under supervision of expert colleagues.  Review wellbeing servicers offered by York St John and understand how these services can support your own mental health.  <https://www.yorksj.ac.uk/student-services/health-and-wellbeing-/> |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Date** | **Staff** | **Focus for Session** | **Student teachers will learn that…** | **Links to CCF and YSJ curriculum** | **Theoretical Perspective**  Reading, Preparation & SOL | **Student teachers will learn how to…**  How you can learn from sessions and work with expert colleagues to apply in the classroom |
| Mon  12/9  9-10  SK128 | JC | Critical writing – An introduction to assignment 1 | Reflective practice, supported by feedback from and observation of experienced colleagues, professional debate, and learning from educational research, is also likely to support improvement.  Engaging in high-quality professional research and reading can help teachers improve. | **Assessment**  Professional behaviour  Research engaged | McPeck, J. (2016) Critical Thinking and Education – [you can preview the first three chapters of this text here](https://books.google.co.uk/books?hl=en&lr=&id=E1IPDQAAQBAJ&oi=fnd&pg=PT8&dq=critical+thinking&ots=87m-s9z_Jz&sig=D3Wn8ZUhI-ab5t6dh_I2Ke3YJqk&redir_esc=y)  Chapter 5  [Capel, S. A., Leask, M. and Younie, S. (2016) Learning to Teach in the Secondary School : A Companion to School Experience. London: Routledge](http://yorksj.idm.oclc.org/login?url=https://search.ebscohost.com/login.aspx?direct=true&db=nlebk&AN=1202221&site=eds-live&scope=site&ebv=EB&ppid=pp_302)  Read though the assessment handbook | Evaluate the impact of research on practice. |
| 10-12  SK128 | KB | Learning theories – traditional | Learning involves a lasting change in pupils’ capabilities or understanding.  Prior knowledge plays an important role in how pupils learn; committing some key facts to their long-term memory is likely to help pupils learn more complex ideas.  An important factor in learning is memory, which can be thought of as comprising two elements: working memory and long-term memory. | **Pedagogy**  Research engaged | Reading list focus  Brooks et al chapter 2.4  Capel et al chapter 5.1  Ellis chapter 4  Hoult chapter 2  Pollard chapter 7  Aubey and Riley  Deans for Impact (2015) The Science of Learning [Online] Accessible from:  <https://deansforimpact.org/resources/the-science-of-learning/> | Avoid overloading working memory, by considering pupils’ prior knowledge when planning how much new information to introduce.  Build on pupils’ prior knowledge, by sequencing lessons so that pupils secure foundational knowledge before encountering more complex content. |
| 1-3  SK128 | KB | Learning theories – contemporary | As above | **As above** | As above | As above |
| 3-5  SK128 | JC | Climate for learning – creating classroom presence | Teachers are key role models, who can influence the attitudes, values and behaviours of their pupils.  Teacher expectations can affect pupil outcomes; setting goals that challenge and stretch pupils is essential. | **Pedagogy**  Research engaged  Being a professional | Read 3.1, 3.2 and 3.3:  [Capel, S. A., Leask, M. and Younie, S. (2016) Learning to Teach in the Secondary School : A Companion to School Experience. London: Routledge](http://yorksj.idm.oclc.org/login?url=https://search.ebscohost.com/login.aspx?direct=true&db=nlebk&AN=1202221&site=eds-live&scope=site&ebv=EB&ppid=pp_141) | Use intentional and consistent language that promotes challenge and aspiration.  Create a positive environment, where making mistakes and learning from them and the need for effort and perseverance are part of the daily routine. |
| Tues  13/9  9-11  SK128 | RM | Principles of instruction | Effective teachers introduce new material in steps, explicitly linking new ideas to what has been previously studied and learned.  Modelling helps pupils understand new processes and ideas; good models make abstract ideas concrete and accessible. | **Pedagogy**  Research engaged  Being a professional | Rosenshine, B. (2012) Principles of Instruction: Research-based strategies that all teachers should know. American Educator, 12–20. <https://www.aft.org//sites/default/files/periodicals/Rosenshine.pdf> | Break tasks down into constituent components when first setting up independent practice.  Use modelling, explanations and scaffolds, acknowledging that novices need more structure early in a domain. |
| 11-12  SK128 | JC | Introduction to subject knowledge audits | Secure subject knowledge helps teachers to motivate pupils and teach effectively. | **Curriculum**  Being a professional | Ensure you have accessed and completed your SKA on Moodle before this session. | Identify own areas for development and how to address these. |
| 1-2  SK128 | BR | Introduction to planning – long, medium and short term | Effective teaching can transform pupils’ knowledge, capabilities and beliefs about learning.  Guides, scaffolds and worked examples can help pupils apply new ideas, but should be gradually removed as pupil expertise increases  Pupils are likely to learn at different rates and to require different levels and types of support from teachers to succeed  Regular purposeful practice of what has previously been taught can help consolidate material and help pupils remember what they have learned. | **Curriculum**  **Assessment**  **Pedagogy**  Being a professional | Read Ch 10  [Pollard, A, Black-Hawkins, K, Cliff, HG, Dudley, P, James, M, Linklater, H, Swaffield, S, Swann, M, Turner, F, & Warwick, P 2014, Reflective Teaching in Schools, Bloomsbury Publishing, New York.](https://ebookcentral-proquest-com.yorksj.idm.oclc.org/lib/yorksj/reader.action?docID=1630373&ppg=312)  Muijs, D., & Reynolds, D. (2017) Effective teaching: Evidence and practice. Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage    Watch the video on Moodle from a previous student about how to approach lesson planning as a student teacher. | Plan effective lessons, by breaking tasks down into constituent components when first setting up independent practice (e.g. using tasks that scaffold pupils through meta-cognitive and procedural processes) and deconstructing this approach. |
| 2-4  SK128 | BR | Lesson objectives and success criteria | Ensuring pupils master foundational concepts and knowledge before moving on is likely to build pupils’ confidence and help them succeed.  Explicitly teaching pupils the knowledge and skills they need to succeed within particular subject areas is beneficial. | **Curriculum**  **Assessment**  **Pedagogy**  Being a professional | Watch the following clip. How does it add to the debate about the efficacy of lesson objectives?  <http://joe-bower.blogspot.com/2011/10/stop-writing-objectives-on-board.html> | Identify essential concepts, knowledge, skills and principles of the subject.  Ensure pupils’ thinking is focused on key ideas within the subject.  Articulate the process for arriving at current curriculum choices and how the school’s curriculum materials inform lesson preparation. |
| 4-5  SK128 | KB | Introduction to motivation - intrinsic and extrinsic | Teachers have the ability to affect and improve the wellbeing, motivation and behaviour of their pupils.  Pupils are motivated by intrinsic factors (related to their identity and values) and extrinsic factors (related to reward).  Pupils’ investment in learning is also driven by their prior experiences and perceptions of success and failure. | **Behaviour and expectations**  Relationships and partnerships | [Ursache, A., Blair, C., & Raver, C. C. (2012) The promotion of self‐regulation as a means of enhancing school readiness and early achievement in children at risk for school failure. Child Development Perspectives, 6(2), 122-128.](http://yorksj.idm.oclc.org/login?url=https://search.ebscohost.com/login.aspx?direct=true&db=psyh&AN=2012-13095-003&site=eds-live&scope=site) | Support pupils to master challenging content, which builds towards long-term goals and deconstructing this approach.  Provide opportunities for pupils to articulate their long-term goals and help them to see how these are related to their success in school. |
| Wed  14/9  9-4  See Room Info | YSJ staff | Subject session 1-4 |  | **Assessment**  **Curriculum**  **Pedagogy**  Research engaged  Creative and critical thinking |  |  |
| 4-5 |  | Independent study |  |  |  | Subject based tasks to complete and reflect upon through the weekly reflection page on pebblepad. Discuss these tasks with your school mentor and how they will support your subject knowledge. |
| Thur  15/9 |  | School based induction day |  |  |  |  |
| Fri  16/9  9-12  SK128 | JC | PGC7008M  Behaviour management and the learning environment | Establishing and reinforcing routines, including through positive reinforcement, can help create an effective learning environment.  A predictable and secure environment benefits all pupils but is particularly valuable for pupils with special educational needs.  Building effective relationships is easier when pupils believe that their feelings will be considered and understood.  Setting clear expectations can help communicate shared values that improve classroom and school culture.  A culture of mutual trust and respect supports effective relationships. | **Behaviour and expectations**  **Pedagogy**  Research engaged  Personal teaching philosophy | Read Ch 1:  [Porter, L. (2014) Behaviour in Schools: Theory and Practice for Teachers. McGraw-Hill Education, Maidenhead.](https://ebookcentral-proquest-com.yorksj.idm.oclc.org/lib/yorksj/reader.action?docID=6212071&ppg=8)  Chapter 3  [Capel, S. A., Leask, M. and Younie, S. (2016) Learning to Teach in the Secondary School : A Companion to School Experience. London: Routledg](http://yorksj.idm.oclc.org/login?url=https://search.ebscohost.com/login.aspx?direct=true&db=nlebk&AN=1202221&site=eds-live&scope=site&ebv=EB&ppid=pp_141) | Respond quickly to any behaviour or bullying that threatens emotional safety.  Establish a supportive and inclusive environment with a predictable system of reward and sanction in the classroom.  Work alongside colleagues as part of a wider system of behaviour management (e.g. recognising responsibilities and understanding the right to assistance and training from senior colleagues).  Give manageable, specific and sequential instructions; check pupils’ understanding of instructions before a task begins; use consistent language and non-verbal signals for common classroom directions.  Use early and least-intrusive interventions as an initial response to low level disruption.  Establish routines, both in classrooms and around the school. |
| 1-3  SK128 | BR | Self-efficacy & resilience models | Teachers can influence pupils’ resilience and beliefs about their ability to succeed, by ensuring all pupils have the opportunity to experience meaningful success.  Building effective relationships is easier when pupils believe that their feelings will be considered and understood.  The ability to self-regulate one’s emotions affects pupils’ ability to learn, success in school and future lives. | **Pedagogy**  **Professional behaviours**  Research engaged  Relationships and partnerships | [Watch this Ted Talk](https://youtu.be/agwsjYg9hJ8) on self-efficacy.  https://www.simplypsychology.org/self-efficacy.html | Use early and least-intrusive interventions as an initial response.  Respond quickly to any behaviour or bullying that threatens emotional safety. |
| 3-5  SK128 | DS | Phonics | To access the curriculum, early literacy provides fundamental knowledge; reading comprises two elements: word reading and language comprehension; systematic synthetic phonics is the most effective approach for teaching pupils to decode.  Every teacher can improve pupils’ literacy, including by explicitly teaching reading, writing and oral language skills specific to individual disciplines. | **Pedagogy**  **Curriculum**  Research engaged | <https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/190599/Letters_and_Sounds_-_DFES-00281-2007.pdf> | Demonstrate a clear understanding of systematic synthetic phonics, particularly if teaching early reading and spelling, and deconstructing this approach.  Support pupils to become fluent readers and to write fluently and legibly. |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Date** | **Staff** | **Focus for Session** | **Student teachers will learn that…** | **Links to CCF and YSJ curriculum** | **Theoretical Perspective**  Reading, Preparation & SOL | **Student teachers will learn how to…**  How you can learn from sessions and work with expert colleagues to apply in the classroom |
| Wed  21/9  1-2  SK128 | JC | Revisiting and reflecting on observations in schools | Reflective practice, supported by feedback from and observation of experienced colleagues, professional debate, and learning from educational research, is also likely to support improvement.  Engaging in high-quality professional development can help teachers improve. | **Professional behaviours**  Relationships and partnership  Being a professional | Revisit your notes on Unit 1:  [Capel, S. A., Leask, M. and Younie, S. (2016) Learning to Teach in the Secondary School : A Companion to School Experience. London: Routledge](http://yorksj.idm.oclc.org/login?url=https://search.ebscohost.com/login.aspx?direct=true&db=nlebk&AN=1202221&site=eds-live&scope=site&ebv=EB&ppid=pp_302) | Seek ways to support classes and individual pupils. |
| 2-4  DG124 | KB | PGC7007M  Introduction to memory and cognitive load | Working memory is where information that is being actively processed is held, but its capacity is limited and can be overloaded.  Long-term memory can be considered as a store of knowledge that changes as pupils learn by integrating new ideas with existing knowledge.  Requiring pupils to retrieve information from memory, and spacing practice so that pupils revisit ideas after a gap are also likely to strengthen recall. | **Pedagogy**  **Curriculum**  Research engaged | [Kirschner, P., Sweller, J., Kirschner, F. & Zambrano, J. (2018) From cognitive load theory to collaborative cognitive load theory. In International Journal of Computer-Supported Collaborative Learning, 13(2), 213-233.](https://www.researchgate.net/publication/324757820_From_Cognitive_Load_Theory_to_Collaborative_Cognitive_Load_Theory)  Agarwal, P. K., Finley, J. R., Rose, N. S., & Roediger, H. L. (2017) Benefits from retrieval practice are greater for students with lower working memory capacity. Memory, 25(6), 764–771. <https://doi.org/10.1080/09658211.2016.1220579>. | Avoid overloading working memory, by taking into account pupils’ prior knowledge when planning how much new information to introduce and by reducing distractions that take attention away from what is being taught. |
| 4-5  DG124 | RM | SE1 Briefing |  |  |  | Read student/mentor handbook  Become familiar with the SE formative assessment continuum |
| Wed 28/9  1-2  SK128 | JC | PGC7007M  Critical Writing - Revisiting assignment 1 | Reflective practice, supported by feedback from and observation of experienced colleagues, professional debate, and learning from educational research, is also likely to support improvement.  Engaging in high-quality professional development can help teachers improve. | **Assessment**  Professional behaviour  Research engaged | Read Chapter 7 of:  Fisher, A. (2011) Critical Thinking – second edition – [You can access this text here](https://books.google.co.uk/books?hl=en&lr=&id=wMhBQ0WdjF4C&oi=fnd&pg=PR1&dq=critical+thinking&ots=q2auvzTQLS&sig=PRtDd7YmMIPLVU_t1Tu53cUB-H0&redir_esc=y) | Evaluate the impact of research on practice. |
| 2-4  DG124 | White Rose | PGC7007M  Introduction to inclusive and adaptive practice | Adapting teaching in a responsive way, including by providing targeted support to pupils who are struggling, is likely to increase pupil success  Adaptive teaching is less likely to be valuable if it causes the teacher to artificially create distinct tasks for different groups of pupils or to set lower expectations for particular pupils. | **Pedagogy**  **Curriculum**  Being a professional  Research engaged | <https://www.tandfonline.com/doi/full/10.1080/02671522.2018.1452962>  [https://royalsociety.org/news/2021/03/stem-ethnicity-report/](https://eur02.safelinks.protection.outlook.com/?url=https%3A%2F%2Froyalsociety.org%2Fnews%2F2021%2F03%2Fstem-ethnicity-report%2F&data=04%7C01%7Ce.thraves-ferguson%40yorksj.ac.uk%7C7f055e7effab4465bc4708d95a651be0%7C5c8ae38ef85b4309b7ec862815a37aee%7C0%7C0%7C637640215067923239%7CUnknown%7CTWFpbGZsb3d8eyJWIjoiMC4wLjAwMDAiLCJQIjoiV2luMzIiLCJBTiI6Ik1haWwiLCJXVCI6Mn0%3D%7C1000&sdata=3rl4BkEqy5XW7fczXhO%2Fv9rgq8QMC53FTFuMNICj7IA%3D&reserved=0)  [https://journals.sagepub.com/doi/full/10.3102/0013189X20972718](https://eur02.safelinks.protection.outlook.com/?url=https%3A%2F%2Fjournals.sagepub.com%2Fdoi%2Ffull%2F10.3102%2F0013189X20972718&data=04%7C01%7Ce.thraves-ferguson%40yorksj.ac.uk%7C7f055e7effab4465bc4708d95a651be0%7C5c8ae38ef85b4309b7ec862815a37aee%7C0%7C0%7C637640215067923239%7CUnknown%7CTWFpbGZsb3d8eyJWIjoiMC4wLjAwMDAiLCJQIjoiV2luMzIiLCJBTiI6Ik1haWwiLCJXVCI6Mn0%3D%7C1000&sdata=tgXbLRIfdbWE%2BLhHmVFG1MAWOcYM5LtByxfK6zuSvLo%3D&reserved=0)  [https://www.hamiltoncommission.org/](https://eur02.safelinks.protection.outlook.com/?url=https%3A%2F%2Fwww.hamiltoncommission.org%2F&data=04%7C01%7Ce.thraves-ferguson%40yorksj.ac.uk%7C7f055e7effab4465bc4708d95a651be0%7C5c8ae38ef85b4309b7ec862815a37aee%7C0%7C0%7C637640215067923239%7CUnknown%7CTWFpbGZsb3d8eyJWIjoiMC4wLjAwMDAiLCJQIjoiV2luMzIiLCJBTiI6Ik1haWwiLCJXVCI6Mn0%3D%7C1000&sdata=tSMH%2BJx1HTGjEV5s983FifofzKz59d9dd%2BwnnFfb2Qo%3D&reserved=0)  [https://www.lifescied.org/doi/full/10.1187/cbe.20-12-0291](https://eur02.safelinks.protection.outlook.com/?url=https%3A%2F%2Fwww.lifescied.org%2Fdoi%2Ffull%2F10.1187%2Fcbe.20-12-0291&data=04%7C01%7Ce.thraves-ferguson%40yorksj.ac.uk%7C7f055e7effab4465bc4708d95a651be0%7C5c8ae38ef85b4309b7ec862815a37aee%7C0%7C0%7C637640215067933196%7CUnknown%7CTWFpbGZsb3d8eyJWIjoiMC4wLjAwMDAiLCJQIjoiV2luMzIiLCJBTiI6Ik1haWwiLCJXVCI6Mn0%3D%7C1000&sdata=sTUa%2BS%2B7X5gBkvEePS8jObVAErHvHfgJUEIkGTHD8t4%3D&reserved=0) | Provide opportunity for all pupils to experience success.  Meet individual needs without creating unnecessary workload. |
| 4-5  DG124 | BR | Subject Associations and Chartered College of Teaching | Effective professional development is likely to be sustained over time, involve expert support or coaching and opportunities for collaboration.  Reflective practice, supported by feedback from and observation of experienced colleagues, professional debate, and learning from educational research, is also likely to support improvement. | **Professional behaviours**  Relationships and partnerships  Creative, critical reflection | Make sure you’re a member of your subject association. Take some time to look at the latest resources and research updates.    <https://www.subjectassociations.org.uk/about-us/> | Strengthen pedagogical and subject knowledge by participating in wider networks.  Extend subject and pedagogic knowledge as part of the lesson preparation process.  Seek challenge, feedback and critique from mentors and other colleagues in an open and trusting working environment  Reflect on progress made, recognising strengths and weaknesses and identifying next steps for further improvement  Engage critically with research and using evidence to critique practice. |
| Wed  5/10  1-3  SK128 | BR | PGC7007M  Modelling abstract concepts and misconceptions | Modelling helps pupils understand new processes and ideas; good models make abstract ideas concrete and accessible.  Anticipating common misconceptions within particular subjects is also an important aspect of curricular knowledge; working closely with colleagues to develop an understanding of likely misconceptions is valuable  Where prior knowledge is weak, pupils are more likely to develop misconceptions, particularly if new ideas are introduced too quickly. | **Pedagogy**  **Curriculum**  Research engaged | Rich, P. R., Van Loon, M. H., Dunlosky, J., & Zaragoza, M. S. (2017) Belief in corrective feedback for common misconceptions: Implications for knowledge revision. Journal of Experimental Psychology: Learning, Memory, and Cognition, 43(3), 492-501. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1037/xlm0000322>. | Encourage pupils to share emerging understanding.  Model effectively, by making the steps in a process memorable and ensuring pupils can recall them (e.g. naming them, developing mnemonics, or linking to memorable stories). |
| 3-4  4-5  DG124 | KB  RM | PGC7007M  Introduction to assessment- formative and feedback | Effective assessment is critical to teaching because it provides teachers with information about pupils’ understanding and needs.  Good assessment helps teachers avoid being over-influenced by potentially misleading factors, such as how busy pupils appear.  Before using any assessment, teachers should be clear about the decision it will be used to support and be able to justify its use.  To be of value, teachers use information from assessments to inform the decisions they make; in turn, pupils must be able to act on feedback for it to have an effect. | **Assessment**  **Curriculum**  Research engaged | Read through:  <https://www.shirleyclarke-education.org/what-is-formative-assessment/>    Critically read through this [blog](https://www.nwea.org/blog/2020/how-formative-assessment-boosts-metacognition-and-learning/) on metacognition and formative assessment. What are your thoughts? Have you seen this in the classroom?    Read chapter 2 from page 39  [Wiliam, D (2017). Embedded Formative Assessment : (Strategies for Classroom Assessment That Drives Student Engagement and Learning). Solution Tree, Bloomington, Indiana](https://ebookcentral-proquest-com.yorksj.idm.oclc.org/lib/yorksj/reader.action?docID=5105912&ppg=49) | Plan formative assessment tasks linked to lesson objectives and think ahead about what would indicate understanding (e.g. by using hinge questions to pinpoint knowledge gaps)  Choose, where possible, externally validated materials, used in controlled conditions when required to make summative assessments.  Draw conclusions about what pupils have learned by looking at patterns of performance over a number of assessments. |
| Wed 12/10  1-2  SK128 | JC | PGC7008M  The teacher voice | The voice is an important part of the teaching persona  The voice can be trained and protected | **Professional behaviours**  Being a professional | What is your teacher voice?[Blog link](https://www.theconfidentteacher.com/2016/09/what-is-your-teacher-voice/) | Project your voice without damage.  Use your voice to support behaviour. |
| 2-4  DG124 | KB | PGC7007M Using SOLO Taxonomy for planning, adaptive teaching and assessment | In order for pupils to think critically, they must have a secure understanding of knowledge within the subject area they are being asked to think critically about.  Research provides insight into the efficacies of taxonomies in supporting learning. | **Pedagogy**  **Assessment**  **Curriculum**  Research engaged  Critical thinking | TBC | Ensure pupils have relevant domain-specific knowledge, especially when being asked to think critically within a subject.  Balance input of new content so that pupils master important concepts.  Connect new content with pupils' existing knowledge or provide additional pre-teaching if pupils lack critical knowledge. |
| 4-5  DG124 | HSLT | PGC7008M  Intro to engaging with parents | Building effective relationships with parents, carers and families can improve pupils’ motivation, behaviour and academic success | **Professional behaviours**  Relationships and partnerships  Being a professional | Parental Engagement - EEF  <https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/evidence-summaries/teaching-learning-toolkit/parental-engagement/>    <https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/634733/Practice_example-Engaging_parents_and_families.pdf> | Communicate with parents and carers proactively and make effective use of parents’ evenings to engage parents and carers in their children’s schooling. |
| Wed 19/10  1-4  See room info | Subj staff | PGC7008M | Sessions 5-8 |  |  |  |
| 4-5 |  | Independent study |  |  |  | Subject based tasks to complete and reflect upon through the weekly reflection page on pebblepad. Discuss these tasks with your school mentor and how they will support your subject knowledge. |
| **Half Tern Break**  **Monday 24th – 28th October 2022** | | | | | | |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Date** | **Staff** | **Focus for Session** | **Student teachers will learn that…** | **Links to CCF and YSJ curriculum** | **Theoretical Perspective**  Reading, Preparation & SOL | **Student teachers will learn how to…**  How you can learn from sessions and work with expert colleagues to apply in the classroom |
| Wed 02/11  1-2  SK128 | Macmillan | PGC7008M  The role of the form tutor and pastoral leaders | Teachers can make valuable contributions to the wider life of the school in a broad range of ways, including by supporting and developing effective professional relationships with colleagues.  SENCOs, pastoral leaders, careers advisors and other specialist colleagues also have valuable expertise and can ensure that appropriate support is in place for pupils. | **Professional behaviours**  Being a professional  Relationships and partnerships | Research and make notes on the role of the form tutor in schools. | Contribute positively to the wider school culture and develop a feeling of shared responsibility for improving the lives of all pupils within the school. |
| 2-4  SK128 | JC | PGC7007M  Writing instruction across the curriculum | Every teacher can improve pupils’ literacy, including by explicitly teaching reading, writing and oral language skills specific to individual disciplines. | **Pedagogy**  **Curriculum**  Being a professional  Research engaged | Read Chapter 3 <https://ebookcentral-proquest-com.yorksj.idm.oclc.org/lib/yorksj/reader.action?docID=5323091>  Read Chapter 5 <https://ebookcentral-proquest-com.yorksj.idm.oclc.org/lib/yorksj/reader.action?docID=5323091> | Support pupil writing skills through guiding the process from plan to composition. |
| 4-5  SK128 | JC | PGC7007M Critical writing –assignment 1 progress check | Engaging in high-quality professional development can help teachers improve  Research influences practice and pedagogy | **Assessment**  Research engaged | Please come to this session with a **draft of your introduction** and any notes you have made during your engagement with academic reading. | Reflect on critical writing process and progress, evaluating the impact on practice and re-evaluating critical reading. |
| Wed 9/11  1-3  SK128 | RM/ JC | PGC7007M Building subject knowledge/  schemes of work | In all subject areas, pupils learn new ideas by linking those ideas to existing knowledge, organising this knowledge into increasingly complex mental models (or “schemata”); carefully sequencing teaching to facilitate this process is important.  Pupils are likely to struggle to transfer what has been learnt in one discipline to a new or unfamiliar context. | **Pedagogy**  **Curriculum**  Being a professional  Relationships and partnerships | Dunlosky, J., Rawson, K. A., Marsh, E. J., Nathan, M. J., & Willingham, D. T. (2013) Improving students’ learning with effective learning techniques: Promising directions from cognitive and educational psychology. Psychological Science in the Public Interest, Supplement, 14(1), 4–58. <https://doi.org/10.1177/1529100612453266>. | Draw explicit links between new content and the core concepts and principles in the subject.  Use retrieval and spaced practice to build automatic recall of key knowledge. |
| 3-5  SK128 | KB/BR | PGC7007M  Planning a sequence of learning | Secure subject knowledge helps teachers to motivate pupils and teach effectively.  Ensuring pupils master foundational concepts and knowledge before moving on is likely to build pupils’ confidence and help them succeed. | **Pedagogy**  **Curriculum**  Being a professional  Research engaged | Sweller, J. (2016). Working Memory, Long-term Memory, and Instructional Design. Journal of Applied Research in Memory and Cognition, 5(4), 360–367. <http://doi.org/10.1016/j.jarmac.2015.12.002>.  Chapter 1  <https://ebookcentral-proquest-com.yorksj.idm.oclc.org/lib/yorksj/reader.action?docID=6269344> | Draw explicit links between new content and the core concepts and principles in the subject.  Use retrieval and spaced practice to build automatic recall of key knowledge. |
| Wed 16/11  1-2  SK128 | BR | PGC7008M  Research Project – introduction & proposal - assignment 2 | Reflective practice, supported by feedback from and observation of experienced colleagues, professional debate, and learning from educational research, is also likely to support improvement. | **Assessment**  Research engaged | Read P62-65: [Bryan, H, Carpenter, C, & Hoult, S 2010, Learning and Teaching at M-Level : A Guide for Student Teachers, SAGE Publications, London.](https://ebookcentral-proquest-com.yorksj.idm.oclc.org/lib/yorksj/reader.action?docID=743516&ppg=61)  Bell, J. and Wats, S. (2018) Doing your research project: A guide for first time researchers | Engage critically with research and use evidence to critique practice. |
| 2-3.30  SK128 | BR | PGC7008M National policies and key issues | Engaging with national policies is a vital part of effective practice. | **Professional behaviours**  Relationships and Partnerships  Being a professional | Check these websites to keep up to date with educational issues:   * [BBC - Education](https://www.bbc.co.uk/news/education) * [The Guardian - Education](https://www.theguardian.com/education) * [GOV.UK - Education, training and skills](https://www.gov.uk/education) * [TES](https://www.tes.com/news) * [The Independent](https://www.independent.co.uk/) * [The Glossary of Education Reform](https://www.edglossary.org/) * [UK Parliament](https://www.parliament.uk/)   Read chapter 3:  [Brooks, Valerie, et al. Preparing To Teach In Secondary Schools : A Student Teacher's Guide To Professional Issues In Secondary Education, McGraw-Hill Education, 2012.](https://ebookcentral-proquest-com.yorksj.idm.oclc.org/lib/yorksj/reader.action?docID=990488&ppg=52) | Develop as a professional by receiving clear, consistent and effective mentoring on the duties relating to Part 2 of the Teachers’ Standards. |
| 3.30-5  SK128 | JC | PGC7007M Critical Writing – Assignment 1 drop-in session |  | Assessment |  |  |
| Wed 23/11  9-4  See room info | Subject Day | PGC7007M  Sessions 9-12 |  |  |  |  |
| 4-5 |  | Independent study |  |  |  | Subject based tasks to complete and reflect upon through the weekly reflection page on pebblepad. Discuss these tasks with your school mentor and how they will support your subject knowledge. |
| Wed 30/11  1-3  SK128 | HSLT – Fiona Hunter | PGC7008M  Adaptive Teaching  Effective use of support staff | Pupils with special educational needs or disabilities are likely to require additional or adapted support; working closely with colleagues, families and pupils to understand barriers and identify effective strategies, engaging with the SEND Code of Practice, and understanding your (multi-agency) role as a teacher is essential.  Teaching assistants (TAs) can support pupils more effectively when they are prepared for lessons by teachers, and when TAs supplement rather than replace support from teachers. | **Professional behaviours**  **Pedagogy**  Relationships and partnerships  Research engaged | Arrange to speak with your school SENCo before this session  <https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/349053/Schools_Guide_to_the_0_to_25_SEND_Code_of_Practice.pdf>    Read 4.6  [Capel, S. A., Leask, M. and Younie, S. (2016) Learning to Teach in the Secondary School : A Companion to School Experience. London: Routledge](http://yorksj.idm.oclc.org/login?url=https://search.ebscohost.com/login.aspx?direct=true&db=nlebk&AN=1202221&site=eds-live&scope=site&ebv=EB&ppid=pp_302)    Look at the resources available here.  <https://www.sendgateway.org.uk/whole-school-send/what-works/>    [Davis, P., Florian, L., Ainscow, M., Dyson, A., Farrell, P., Hick, P., Rouse, M. (2004) Teaching Strategies and Approaches for Pupils with Special Educational Needs: A Scoping Study.](http://dera.ioe.ac.uk/6059/1/RR516.pdf.)    [Education Endowment Foundation (2015) Making Best Use of Teaching Assistants Guidance Report.](https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/tools/guidance-reports/) | Improve at preparing teaching assistants for lessons under supervision of expert colleagues.  Make effective use of teaching assistants and other adults in the classroom under supervision of expert colleagues.  Meet individual needs without creating unnecessary workload. |
| 3-5  SK128 | BR | PGC7008M  Research Project – Methodology and Data Collection – assignment 2 | Data collection is vital to robust research.  Research topics impact data collection methods and methodology. | **Assessment**  Research engaged  Critical thinking | Read ch 4  [Denby, N, Butroyd, R, Swift, H, Price, J, & Glazzard, J (2008) Master's Level Study in Education: a Guide to Success for PGCE Students, McGraw-Hill Education, Berkshire.](https://ebookcentral-proquest-com.yorksj.idm.oclc.org/lib/yorksj/reader.action?docID=369497&ppg=84)    Read ch 7  [Bryan, H, Carpenter, C, & Hoult, S (2010), Learning and Teaching at M-Level : A Guide for Student Teachers, SAGE Publications, London.](https://ebookcentral-proquest-com.yorksj.idm.oclc.org/lib/yorksj/reader.action?docID=743516&ppg=108)  [E., Wilson (2018) School-based research- A guide for Education Students](https://app.talis.com/yorksj/player#/modules/5f48bdb152703118d296f56f/resources/5f48ed2352703118d296f812) | Critically evaluate data collection methods with a view to selecting the appropriate one for your research project. |
| Wed 7/12  1-2  SK128 | RM | PGC7008M  Wellbeing & mental health revisited | Teachers have the ability to affect and improve the wellbeing, motivation and behaviour of their pupils.  Adapting teaching in a responsive way, including by providing targeted support to pupils who are struggling, is likely to increase pupil success.  We can take steps to support our mental health. | **Professional behaviours**  Research engaged  Creative, critical reflection | Skaalvik, E. M., & Skaalvik, S. (2017) Still motivated to teach? A study of school context variables, stress and job satisfaction among teachers in senior high school. Social Psychology of Education, 20(1), 15–37. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11218-016-9363-9> | Make marking manageable and effective, by recording data only when it is useful for improving pupil outcomes.  Understand that written marking is only one form of feedback  Identify efficient approaches to marking and alternative approaches to providing feedback. |
| 2-5  FT112  FT113 | BR/KB | PGC7008M  Ethics  In two groups | There are ethical implications for research in schools  Ethical clearance is a compulsory and important aspect of research | **Assessment**  Research engaged | Read through the ethical clearance document available [here](https://www.yorksj.ac.uk/policies-and-documents/research/ethics-and-integrity/)    Read through the [British Educational Research Association guidelines](https://www.bera.ac.uk/wp-content/uploads/2018/06/BERA-Ethical-Guidelines-for-Educational-Research_4thEdn_2018.pdf) | Complete the ethical clearance document and submit it to Moodle. |
| Wed 14/12  1-2  SK128 | All Saints | PGC7008M  Supporting students with high starting points | High-quality classroom talk can support pupils to articulate key ideas, consolidate understanding and extend their vocabulary.  How pupils are grouped is also important; care should be taken to monitor the impact of groupings on pupil attainment, behaviour and motivation. | **Pedagogy**  **Curriculum**  Research engaged  Being a professional | Read Ch 3 and consider in light of what you now know about adaptive practice:  [Cowley, S (2018) The Ultimate Guide to Differentiation : Achieving Excellence for All, Bloomsbury Publishing Plc, London.](https://ebookcentral-proquest-com.yorksj.idm.oclc.org/lib/yorksj/reader.action?docID=5231539&ppg=72) | Communicate a belief in the academic potential of all pupils, by receiving clear, consistent and effective mentoring in how to set tasks that stretch pupils, but which are achievable, within a challenging curriculum. |
| 2-3 | HSLT  SK128 | ISSP | We need to adapt lessons to meet the needs and strengths of all pupils. | **Pedagogy**  **Curriculum**  Research engaged  Being a professional | Learn more about ISSP York  <https://yorkissp.org/> | Communicate a belief in the academic potential of all pupils, by receiving clear, consistent and effective mentoring in how to set tasks that stretch pupils, but which are achievable, within a challenging curriculum. |
| 3-4 | BR  SK128 | PGC7008M  Metacognition and self-regulation | Explicitly teaching pupils metacognitive strategies linked to subject knowledge, including how to plan, monitor and evaluate, supports independence and academic success. | **Pedagogy**  Research engaged | Education Endowment Foundation (2017) Metacognition and Self-regulated learning Guidance Report. [Online] Accessible from: <https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/tools/guidance-reports/> | Narrate thought processes when modelling to make explicit how experts think (e.g. asking questions aloud that pupils should consider when working independently and drawing pupils’ attention to links with prior knowledge). |
| 4-5 | KB  SK128 | PGC7008M  Target setting/ formative progress review  Feedback | Effective professional development is likely to be sustained over time, involve expert support or coaching and opportunities for collaboration.  Reflective practice, supported by feedback from and observation of experienced colleagues, professional debate, and learning from educational research, is also likely to support improvement. | **Professional behaviours**  Being a professional  Critical thinking | Read Ch 8.3  [Capel, S. A., Leask, M. and Younie, S. (2016) Learning to Teach in the Secondary School : A Companion to School Experience. London: Routledge](http://yorksj.idm.oclc.org/login?url=https://search.ebscohost.com/login.aspx?direct=true&db=nlebk&AN=1202221&site=eds-live&scope=site&ebv=EB&ppid=pp_561) | Reflect on your recent school experience and review your progress. Set individual SMART targets for future development. Consider how to improve professional practice as part of reflective practice and your developing critical voice. |
| **Christmas Holiday**  **Monday 19th December – Monday 2nd January, 2023** | | | | | | |

**Seasonal Break – End of Term 1**

**Induction SE2 school 5th/6th January, 2023 – You must check your research project will work in your SE2 school.**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Date** | **Staff** | **Focus for Session** | **Student teachers will learn that…** | **Links to CCF and YSJ curriculum** | **Theoretical Perspective**  Reading, Preparation & SOL | **Student teachers will learn how to…**  How you can learn from sessions and work with expert colleagues to apply in the classroom |
| Mon 09/01  All day | Alliance led. | PGC7007/8M  Off campus visit – 6th form | Effective professional development is likely to be sustained over time, involve expert support or coaching and opportunities for collaboration.  Reflective practice, supported by feedback from and observation of experienced colleagues, professional debate, and learning from educational research, is also likely to support improvement. | **Pedagogy**  **Curriculum**  **Assessment**  Relationships and partnerships  Being a professional | Engage with the post-16 syllabus for your subject.  Try to observe any additional post 16 teaching where possible | Develop a repertoire of pedagogical approaches to teaching the post-16 curriculum.  Adapt teaching for post-16 assessment objectives. |
| Tue  10/1  9-11  SK128 | KB | PGC7007M  Taking your questioning further | Questioning is an essential tool for teachers; questions can be used for many purposes, including to check pupils’ prior knowledge, assess understanding and break down problems.  High-quality classroom talk can support pupils to articulate key ideas, consolidate understanding and extend their vocabulary. | **Pedagogy**  **Assessment**  **Curriculum**  Research engaged  Critical thinking | <https://my.chartered.college/impact_article/skilful-questioning-the-beating-heart-of-good-pedagogy/> | Plan activities around what you want pupils to think hard about.  Include a range of types of questions in class discussions to extend and challenge pupils (e.g. by modelling new vocabulary or asking pupils to justify answers).  Provide appropriate wait time between question and response where more developed responses are required. |
| 11-12  SK128 | Careers  JC | Career input | There are key issues, opportunities and challenges for new teachers at a local level. | **Professional behaviours**  Personal teaching philosophy | Sign up for [Launchpadonline](https://yorksj.jobteaser.com/en/users/sign_in?back_to_after_login=%2F)  For help with job applications, email [careers@yorksj.ac.uk](mailto:careers@yorksj.ac.uk)  See ´[YSJ Launchpad YouTube Channel](https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCRSU2wI0vEVE10TLHLVhW_g/videos) for videos and helpful support  Chapter 8  [Capel, S. A., Leask, M. and Younie, S. (2016) Learning to Teach in the Secondary School : A Companion to School Experience. London: Routledge](http://yorksj.idm.oclc.org/login?url=https://search.ebscohost.com/login.aspx?direct=true&db=nlebk&AN=1202221&site=eds-live&scope=site&ebv=EB&ppid=pp_561) | Identify which schools you would like to work in.  Approach applications. |
| 1-4  SK128 | RM | PGC7008M  SE1 reflections  SE2 briefing  SBT  Diversity handbook  Walk through | Transition points between placements are an important process of reflection and forward thinking.  Effective professional development comes from experiences in different settings. | **Professional behaviours**  Critical reflections | List any questions you have about SE2. | Reflect on your recent school experience and review your progress.  Set individual SMART targets for future development. Consider how to improve professional practice as part of reflective practice and your developing critical voice.  Work effectively with colleagues on short placement experiences. |
| 4-5  SK128 | BR | PGC7007M  Local policy | Teachers can make valuable contributions to the life of the school by supporting school and local policies. | **Professional behaviours**  Being a professional | Find out from your placement school how local policy impacts practice and provision. | Contribute positively to the wider school culture and developing a feeling of shared responsibility for improving the lives of all pupils within the school.  Contribute positively by supporting school policies consistently. |
| Wed 11/1  All day | Alliance led off campus | PGC7008M  Diversity enrichment day | Seeking to understand pupils’ differences, including their different levels of prior knowledge and potential barriers to learning, is an essential part of teaching.  A culture of mutual trust and respect supports effective relationships.  High-quality teaching has a long-term positive effect on pupils’ life chances, particularly for children from disadvantaged backgrounds. | **Professional behaviours**  **Pedagogy**  Personal teaching philosophy | <https://naldic.org.uk/the-eal-learner/eal-learners-uk/>    <https://ealresources.bell-foundation.org.uk/teachers>    [Take a look at some of the resources from a local authority](https://wsh.wokingham.gov.uk/learning-and-teaching/mea/eal/eal-guidance/)  Read through the diversity handbook on moodle and complete the trackers | Plan effectively for inclusion, with appropriate provision for all pupils and those at risk of underachievement.  Be aware of effective behaviour/classroom management strategies being employed to support learning and progress.  Understand how EAL pupils’ language needs are addressed and assessed and how teachers can support language development within mainstream/subject classes. |
| Thur 12/1  9-12  SK128 | MJ | PGC7008M  Decolonising the curriculum | Education should be inclusive of all, including the most vulnerable learners.  Developing positive relationships with the whole school community is important for effective teaching.  Creative thinking is complex and can take many forms such as problem solving/PBL, critical reflection, dialogic talk, questioning, flipped learning activities and SBL. | **Professional behaviours**  **Curriculum**  Critical thinking and reflection | Read through the contributions on the Padlet compiled by YSJ tutors: <https://padlet.com/mjagdev1/mq0v0wrwvjr4v7ai>  <https://www.bbc.co.uk/teach/black-lives-black-history-resources/zy7sm39>    [The Black Curriculum](https://theblackcurriculum.com/)    Peggy McIntosh’s paper: Unpacking the Knapsack – See Moodle  [Welsh curriculum and mandatory Black History lessons](https://www.bbc.co.uk/news/uk-wales-56447682)    [Stephen Lawrence Day: 22 April 2021](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tk-Tc2g5hSc) | Communicate a belief in the academic potential of all pupils, by receiving clear, consistent and effective mentoring in how to set tasks that stretch pupils, but which are achievable, within a challenging curriculum.  Use intentional and consistent language that promotes challenge and aspiration.  Become teacher-researchers, evolving your practice through experimentation and evaluation |
| 1-3  SK128 | BR | PGC7008M  Research Project – Writing the literature review and methodology - assignment 2 | A literature review is a critical evaluation not a report.  Language should be cautious and not absolute.  The review needs to be grounded in and supported by informed opinion and sources, not only personal opinion and experience. | **Pedagogy**  **Professional behaviours**  Critical thinking and reflection  Research engaged | Recap your learning from:  Read Ch 4  [Denby, N, Butroyd, R, Swift, H, Price, J, & Glazzard, J (2008) Master's Level Study in Education: a Guide to Success for PGCE Students, McGraw-Hill Education, Berkshire.](https://ebookcentral-proquest-com.yorksj.idm.oclc.org/lib/yorksj/reader.action?docID=369497&ppg=84)    Read Ch 7  [Bryan, H, Carpenter, C, & Hoult, S 2010, Learning and Teaching at M-Level : A Guide for Student Teachers, SAGE Publications, London.](https://ebookcentral-proquest-com.yorksj.idm.oclc.org/lib/yorksj/reader.action?docID=743516&ppg=108) | Compose an effective literature review that has critical evaluation at its heart.  Employ tentative language appropriately. |
| 3-4  SK128 | JC | PGC7008M  British Values | Citizenship comprises British Values.  We are all expected to promote the basic British values of democracy, the tule of law, individual liberty, and mutual respect and tolerance for those of different faiths and beliefs. | **Professional Behaviours**  **Curriculum** | British Values guidance  <https://www.gov.uk/government/news/guidance-on-promoting-british-values-in-schools-published#:~:text=We%20want%20every%20school%20to,of%20different%20faiths%20and%20beliefs>. | Develop pupils’ understanding of British Values by discussing and analysing with expert colleagues how to consider and to build these into individual lessons and within a Scheme of Learning. |
| 4-5  SK128 | LS | PGC7008M  Pastoral Leadership | SENCOs, pastoral leaders, careers advisors and other specialist colleagues also have valuable expertise and can ensure that appropriate support is in place for pupils. | **Professional Behaviours**  Being a professional | Speak to your mentor before this session about the structure of pastoral leadership in your placement school. | Consider your career path by gaining insight into various routes of progression in schools. |
| Fri 13/1  9-10.30  SK128 | HSLT | PGC7008M  PSHE | The responsibility of the subject specialist extends to other curriculum areas.    PSHE is a non-statutory subject meaning that units can be tailored to the needs of the pupils in individual schools. | **Professional Behaviours**  **Pedagogy**  **Curriculum**  Relationships and partnerships | PSHE Framework  <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/personal-social-health-and-economic-education-pshe/personal-social-health-and-economic-pshe-education> | Work with expert colleagues to develop confidence and competence in delivering lessons outside of your subject specialism. |
| 10.30-12  SK128 | HSLT | PGC7008M  Citizenship | The responsibility of the subject specialist extends to other curriculum areas.  Citizenship education helps to provide pupils with knowledge, skills and understanding to prepare them to play a full and active part in society.  It should foster pupil awareness of democracy, government and laws. | **Professional Behaviours**  **Pedagogy**  **Curriculum**  Relationships and partnerships | Citizenship Framework  <https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/908347/SECONDARY_national_curriculum_-_Citizenship.pdf> | Work with expert colleagues to develop confidence and competence in delivering lessons outside of your subject specialism. |
| 1-3  SK128 | BR | PGC7008M  Reflective seminar – diversity and enrichment | Reflective practice is likely to support improvement.  Effective professional development is sustained over time. | **Professional Behaviours**  Critical reflection | Bring your reflective notes to this session. | Reflect on and discuss effectively issues raised from enrichment week.  Extend pedagogical and subject knowledge by participating in wider networks. |
| 3-4  SK128  4-5  SK128 | RM  RM | PGC7008M  Feedback session - student voice  SE2 drop in and SKA updated | Effective feedback can lead to change.  Teaching is a generous profession with feedback about our experiences refining provision for others. | **Professional Behaviours**  Being a professional  Critical reflection | You will have been asked to contribute to student feedback prior to this session. | Contribute effectively to the continuous improvement of education communities. |
| Wed 18/1  9-4  See room info | Subject staff | PGC7007M  Sessions 13-16 |  |  |  |  |
| 4-5 |  | Independent study |  |  |  | Subject based tasks to complete and reflect upon through the weekly reflection page on pebblepad. Discuss these tasks with your school mentor and how they will support your subject knowledge. |
| Wed 25/1  1-3  SK128 | Jenn Cassarly | PGC7007/8  RSHE | The responsibility of the subject specialist extends to other curriculum areas.  RSE is compulsory in every secondary school.  RSHE is compulsory in every state funded secondary school. | **Professional Behaviours**  **Curriculum**  Being a professional | <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/relationships-education-relationships-and-sex-education-rse-and-health-education/relationships-and-sex-education-rse-secondary>    https://pshe-association.org.uk/ | Seek to break down complex material into smaller steps (e.g. using partially completed examples to focus pupils on the specific steps).  Discuss and analyse with expert colleagues how to sequence lessons so that pupils secure foundational knowledge before encountering more complex content.  Discuss and analyse with expert colleagues how to identify possible misconceptions and plan how to prevent these forming |
| 3-4  SK128 | HSLT | PGC7007/8M  Mathematics across the curriculum | Every teacher can improve pupils’ numeracy skills by explicitly teaching skills relevant to subject disciplines. | **Professional Behaviours**  **Curriculum**  **Pedagogy**  Being a professional | Hodgen, J., Foster, C., Marks, R. & Brown, M. (2018) Improving Mathematics in Key Stages Two and Three: Evidence Review. [Online] Accessible from  <https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education-evidence/guidance-reports/maths-ks-2-3> | Take opportunities in subjects to make links to numeracy.  Support pupils’ skills in numeracy by observing how expert colleagues integrated numeracy in lessons. |
| 4-5  SK128 | BR/  Careers | Job application support | Understand the process of writing job applications and interview process | **Professional Behaviours** | Sign up for [Launchpad online](https://yorksj.jobteaser.com/en/users/sign_in?back_to_after_login=%2F)  For help with job applications, email [careers@yorksj.ac.uk](mailto:careers@yorksj.ac.uk)  See ´[YSJ Launchpad YouTube Channel](https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCRSU2wI0vEVE10TLHLVhW_g/videos) for videos and helpful support | Sign up to job alerts in your area  Begin to draft your covering letter |
| Wed  1/2  1-4  FT112  FT113 | RM/JC  IT rooms | PGC7007/8  Cross curricular workshop and micro teaching afternoon | Effective professional development is likely to be sustained over time, involve expert support or coaching and opportunities for collaboration.  Engaging in high-quality professional development can help teachers improve. | **Professional Behaviours**  Being a professional  Critical reflection  Research engaged | Read: Oxford education Blog  <https://educationblog.oup.com/secondary/mfl/the-value-of-teachmeets> | Work together to produce effective CPD and to inspire others when sharing practice.  Network with colleagues. |
| 4-5  SK128 | White Rose | PGC7007/8M  Literacy across the curriculum | Every teacher can improve pupils’ literacy, including by explicitly teaching reading, writing and oral language skills specific to individual disciplines. | **Professional Behaviours**  **Pedagogy**  **Curriculum** | [Education Endowment Foundation (2019) Improving Literacy in Secondary Schools: Guidance report](https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/public/files/Publications/Literacy/EEF_KS3_KS4_LITERACY_GUIDANCE.pdf) | Model reading comprehension by asking questions, making predictions, and summarising when reading.  Promote reading for pleasure (e.g. by using a range of whole class reading approaches and regularly reading high-quality texts to children).  Teach different forms of writing by modelling planning, drafting and editing. |
| Wed 8/2  1-3  SK128 | KB | PGC7008M  Revisiting motivation and regulation | Teachers can affect and improve the wellbeing, motivation and behaviour of their pupils.  Pupils are motivated by intrinsic factors (related to their identity and values) and extrinsic factors (related to reward).  Pupils’ investment in learning is also driven by their prior experiences and perceptions of success and failure. | **Behaviour and expectations**  Relationships and partnerships | Zimmerman, B. J. (2002) Becoming a Self-Regulated Learner: An Overview, Theory Into Practice. Theory Into Practice, 41(2), 64–70. <https://www.jstor.org/stable/1477457?seq=1#page_scan_tab_contents>. | Support pupils to master challenging content, which builds towards long-term goals and deconstructing this approach.  Provide opportunities for pupils to articulate their longterm goals and help them to see how these are related to their success in school. |
| 3-4  SK128 | Campus Stockton | PGC7008M  Revisiting parental engagement – difficult conversations | Building effective relationships with parents, carers and families can improve pupils’ motivation, behaviour and academic success. | **Behaviour and expectations**  Relationships and partnerships | How to involve hard-to-reach parents: encouraging meaningful parental involvement with schools  <https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/340369/how-to-involve-hard-to-reach-parents-full-report.pdf> | Communicate with parents and carers proactively and make effective use of technology, data, reporting and feedback methods to engage parents and carers in their children’s schooling. |
| 4-5  SK128 | JC | PGC7007/8M  Vocabulary instruction | Every teacher can improve pupils’ literacy, including by explicitly teaching reading, writing and oral language skills specific to individual disciplines.  Vocabulary instruction can improve literacy and learning in all subjects. | **Professional Behaviours**  **Pedagogy**  Research engaged | Read Chapter 1  <https://ebookcentral-proquest-com.yorksj.idm.oclc.org/lib/yorksj/reader.action?docID=5323091> | Teach unfamiliar vocabulary explicitly and plan for pupils to be repeatedly exposed to high-utility and high-frequency vocabulary in what is taught.  Model and require high-quality oral language, recognising that spoken language underpins the development of reading and writing (e.g. requiring pupils to respond to questions in full sentences, making use of relevant technical vocabulary). |
| **Half term 13th-17th February** | | | | | | |
| Wed 22/2  1-3  SK128 | BR | PGC7008M  Research Project – Presenting and analysing data – assignment 2 | How you present your data impacts on the accessibility and efficacy of your research.  There are different ways of presenting data which are influenced by your methodology and findings. | **Professional Behaviours**  Research engaged | Consider how data is presented to you in daily life and how it impacts on the way you receive the findings. Arrive with specific examples and ideas to share. | Present data effectively. |
| 3-4  SK128 | HSLT | PGC7008M  RSHE policy | The responsibility of the subject specialist extends to other curriculum areas.  RSE is compulsory in every secondary school.  RSHE is compulsory in every state funded secondary school. | **Professional behaviours**  **Curriculum**  Relationships and partnerships | RSHE framework  <https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/908013/Relationships_Education__Relationships_and_Sex_Education__RSE__and_Health_Education.pdf> | Develop pupils’ understanding of relationships, sex and health by observing and discussing with expert colleagues how to integrate this purposefully into subjects and curriculum. |
| 4-5  SK128 |  | Independent study | Assignment 2 independent work |  |  |  |
| Wed 01/03  1-2  SK128 | BR | PGC7008  Research Project - Presentation preparation, Q&A | Presentation skills are an important aspect of continued professional development.  A successful research project culminates in the presentation of findings. | **Professional Behaviours**  Critical thinking  Research engaged | Come to the session ready with questions you need answering. | Integrate research and findings into concise and effective presentations.  Present to peers and research engaged experts. |
| 2-3  SK128 | BR | PGC7008M  Revisiting pastoral roles in school | SENCOs, pastoral leaders, careers advisors and other specialist colleagues also have valuable expertise and can ensure that appropriate support is in place for pupils. | **Professional Behaviours**  Being a professional | An example of a pastoral leader job description:  <https://www.google.com/url?sa=t&rct=j&q=&esrc=s&source=web&cd=&ved=2ahUKEwjUzqKLwJfyAhXEg_0HHVc1DmkQFnoECAcQAw&url=https%3A%2F%2Fmy.redbridge.gov.uk%2FJobs%2FShowFile%2F10179&usg=AOvVaw2K51UYk6nYXUlVgFNR79vB> | Contribute positively to the wider school culture and develop a feeling of shared responsibility for improving the lives of all pupils within the school (e.g. by supporting expert colleagues with their pastoral responsibilities). |
| 3-5  SK128 | RM | PGC7007/8M  SE3 briefing &SBT | School-based tasks and subject specific school-based tasks can be tailored to your needs in SE3.  Professional development is a continuous cycle of reflection and planning. | **Professional Behaviours**  Critical reflection and thinking  Being a professional | List any questions you have about SE3 and bring them to this session. | Reflect on progress made, recognising strengths and weaknesses and identifying next steps for further improvement. |
| Wed 8/3  9-4  See room info | Subject staff | PGC7007M  Sessions 17-20 |  |  |  |  |
| 4-5 |  | Independent study |  |  |  | Subject based tasks to complete and reflect upon through the weekly reflection page on pebblepad. Discuss these tasks with your school mentor and how they will support your subject knowledge. |
| Wed 15/3  1-4  SK128 | LS | PGC7008M  Revisiting SEND adaptive and inclusive practice | Flexibly grouping pupils within a class to provide more tailored support can be effective, but care should be taken to monitor its impact on engagement and motivation, particularly for pupils with low starting points.  There is a common misconception that pupils have distinct and identifiable learning styles. This is not supported by evidence and attempting to tailor lessons to learning styles is unlikely to be beneficial.  Pupils with special educational needs or disabilities are likely to require additional or adapted support; working closely with colleagues, families and pupils to understand barriers and identify effective strategies is essential. | **Behaviour and Expectations**  **Pedagogy**  Being a professional  Research engaged | Read and recap:  <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/send-and-ap-green-paper-responding-to-the-consultation/summary-of-the-send-review-right-support-right-place-right-time> | Group pupils effectively, by discussing and analysing with expert colleagues how the placement school changes groups regularly, avoiding the perception that groups are fixed.  Apply high expectations to all groups, and ensure all pupils have access to a rich curriculum. |
| 4-5  SK128 | BR | Research Project - Presentation drop-in |  |  |  |  |
| Wed 22/3  1-3  SK128 | RM | PGC7007/8M  Preparing for the consolidation phase for after Easter  Continuum/ progress review meeting | Reflective practice, supported by feedback from and observation of experienced colleagues, professional debate, and learning from educational research, is also likely to support improvement. | **Professional Behaviours**  Critical reflection  Being a professional | Arrive at the session with any questions you may have ready. | Reflect on progress made, recognising strengths and weaknesses and identifying next steps for further improvement. |
| 3-5  SK128 | DS | PGC7007/8M  Reading across the curriculum | To access the curriculum, early literacy provides fundamental knowledge; reading comprises two elements: word reading and language comprehension; systematic synthetic phonics is the most effective approach for teaching pupils to decode.  Every teacher can improve pupils’ literacy, including by explicitly teaching reading, writing and oral language skills specific to individual disciplines. | **Professional Behaviours**  **Curriculum**  **Pedagogy**  Being a professional  Research engaged | EEF Improving literacy in Key Stage 2 (2021) available from <https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education-evidence/guidance-reports/literacy-ks2>  Krashen, s. (2004) The Power of Reading available from <https://www.researchgate.net/publication/247950880_The_Power_of_Reading_Insights_from_the_Research> | Support pupils to become fluent readers.  Mode reading comprehension by asking questions, making predictions, and summarising when reading.  Promote reading for pleasure (e.g. by using a range of whole class reading approaches and regularly reading high-quality texts to children). |
| Wed 29/3  9-4  SK128 | All staff | PGC7008M  Research presentations | Evaluation of appropriate research processes and methodologies of educational enquiry are integral to the development of the profession.  We can learn from the enquiry of other practitioners, whatever stages of their career.  Professional learning and future practice is informed by critical analysis. | **Professional Behaviours**  Critical reflection  Research engaged | Prepare a 15min presentation and handout – see info on Moodle | Respond to and question the research of peers to inform your practice and wider debates about educational policy and pedagogy. |
| **Easter Holidays 3rd-14th April, 2023** | | | | | | |
| Wed 19/4  1-2.45  SK128 | KB | PGC7007M  Using visual tools for structuring thinking and learning | Visual learning enables students to recognise how their learning is organised and connected.  New concepts are more easily integrated with prior learning, and aspects of critical thinking can be explored, discussed and exemplified. | **Pedagogy**  **Assessment**  **Curriculum**  Research engaged  Critical thinking | TBC | Utilise visual learning strategies in the classroom.  Integrate aspects of prior learning and new concepts. |
| 2.45-4.30  SK128 | KB | PGC7007M  Summarisation activities | Summarisation techniques often require multiple complex cognitive processes and these need to be directly modelled and practiced with students.  Practice is an integral part of effective teaching; ensuring pupils have repeated opportunities to practice, with appropriate guidance and support, increases success.  It is increasingly understood from neuroscience and educational psychology that learners need several reconceptualisations of material for it to go into longer term memory. | **Pedagogy**  **Assessment**  **Curriculum**  Research engaged  Critical thinking | TBC | Plan regular reviews and practice key ideas and concepts over time (e.g. through careful planning and use of structured talk activities) and deconstruct this approach.  Design practice, generation and retrieval tasks that provide just enough support so that pupils experience a high success rate when attempting challenging work. |
| Wed  26/4  1-2.45  SK128 | KB | PGC7007M  Modelling thinking strategies | Research offers evidence as to what constitutes best practice.  Teaching about thinking approaches (based on a definitive review of research in this area by Hattie, Biggs and Purdie) are shown to raise grades by 1-2 levels. | **Pedagogy**  **Assessment**  **Curriculum**  Research engaged  Critical thinking | TBC | Narrate thought processes when modelling to make explicit how experts think (e.g. asking questions aloud that pupils should consider when working independently and drawing pupils’ attention to links with prior knowledge). |
| 2.45-4.30  SK128 | KB | PGC7007M  Engagement strategies | Engagement is the gatekeeper to mental readiness, consisting of four parts: paying attention, being energised, being intrigued and being inspired. | **Pedagogy**  **Assessment**  **Curriculum**  Research engaged  Critical thinking | TBC | Create a culture of respect and trust in the classroom that supports all pupils to succeed.  Develop strategies to inspire readiness and intellectual curiosity. |
| Wed 3/5  1-2.45  SK128 | KB | PGC7007M  Using co-operative learning strategies | Co-operative learning has been used preferentially for both academic and interpersonal functions.  Paired and group activities can increase pupil success, but to work together effectively pupils need guidance, support and practice.  Its benefits are enhanced when there is sufficient debriefing of the activities for the students to realise how as well as what they have learned collaboratively. Effect size exceeds that of more traditional competitive learning approaches. | **Pedagogy**  **Assessment**  **Curriculum**  Research engaged  Critical thinking | TBC | Stimulate pupil thinking by considering the factors that will support effective collaborative work. |
| 2.45-4.30  SK128 | KB | Checking for understanding | There are a range of diagnostic formative approaches that help provide teachers and their pupils with information about their factual, procedural and conceptual knowledge in order for next steps to be taken. | **Pedagogy**  **Assessment**  **Curriculum**  Research engaged  Critical thinking | TBC | Prompt pupils to elaborate when responding to questioning to check that a correct answer stems from secure understanding. |
| Wed  10/5  1—5  FT112  FT113 | RM/JC  IT Room | Cross Curricular Teaching | Collaborating across departments and learning from other subjects and disciplines is a key part of teacher development. | **Professional Behaviours**  **Pedagogy**  Relationships/ partnerships  Research engaged | Bring ideas to this session as to what aspects of your subject you would like to teach those from different departments. | Work together to produce effective CPD and to inspire others when sharing practice.  Network with colleagues. |
| 17/5  24/5  5/6 | **2 weeks full time in school plus 1 extra week after half term w/b 5th Jun**e | | | | | |
| Half term 29th May – 2nd June, 2023  SE3 Placement ends Friday 9th June 2023  School Based Enrichment Week 12th – 16th June | | | | | | |
| Mon 19/6  9-10  SK128 | BR | PGC7007/8M  Reflecting on the year and enrichment week | Enrichment opportunities should continue throughout your career. | **Professional behaviours**  **Pedagogy** | Reflect on your enrichment week  Reflect on the last year, what have been your strengths and development areas. | Strengthen pedagogical and subject knowledge by participating in wider networks.  Reflect on progress made, recognise strengths and weaknesses and identify next steps for further improvement. |
| 10-12  SK128 | LW/RM | PGC7008M  Early Career teacher transition session | YSJ will help you in your transition to your ECT years.  YSJ will continue to support your development in your ECT years. | **Professional behaviours** | You will need your final report from pebblepad and 3 ECT targets | Seek challenge, feedback and critique from mentors and other colleagues in an open and trusting working environment.  Reflect on progress made, recognise strengths and weaknesses and identify next steps for further improvement. |
| 1-3  SK128 | BR/JC | PGC7008M  CPD task | CPD continues throughout your career.  CEDPs can help identify next steps and priorities. | **Professional behaviours** | Working through the ECT content and expectations |  |
| 3-5  SK128 | RM/JC | Independent study CEDPs |  | **Professional behaviours** | Time to complete your ECDP | Reflect on progress made, recognise strengths and weaknesses and identify next steps for further improvement. |
| Tues 20/6  9-4pm | RM/JC | University based – cross curricular day | | | | |
| Wed  21/6 |  | University – presentation prep | | | | |
| Thus  22/6 |  | University- presentation prep | | | | |
| Fri 23/6  Temple Hall  9-12 | RM | Presentation set up  CPD presentations | | | | |
| Temple Hall  1-4pm | RM  All staff  Alliance staff | Guest speaker  Final celebration afternoon | | | | |